Python Basics for Game Development

Python is a programming language that's great for beginners. It's used in web development, data science, andyou guessed itgame development!

What is a Variable?

A variable stores information like a number or a word so you can use it later.

```
x = 10  # This stores the number 10 in a variable called x name = "snake"  # This stores the word 'snake' in a variable
```

What is a List?

A list lets you store multiple things in one variable. Think of it like a container of items.

```
items = [1, 2, 3]
items.append(4) # Adds 4 to the list
```

If Statements (Making Decisions)

Use 'if' to tell the computer to do something only when a condition is true.

```
if x > 5:
    print("Big number!")
```

Loops (Doing Things Repeatedly)

Loops repeat actions. A 'for' loop counts. A 'while' loop runs until something changes.

```
for i in range(5):
    print(i)

while running:
    do_something()
```

Functions (Reusable Code)

A function is like a recipe. You define it once, then use it whenever you want.

```
def greet(name):
    print("Hi", name)

greet("Alex") # This prints: Hi Alex
```

Random Numbers

You can make your game unpredictable using random numbers.

```
import random
random.randint(1, 10) # Gives a random number from 1 to 10
```

Pygame Basics

Pygame is a Python library that helps you make 2D games. It handles drawing, timing, and keyboard input.

Starting Pygame

Always start your game by initializing Pygame and setting up the screen.

```
import pygame
pygame.init()
screen = pygame.display.set_mode((WIDTH, HEIGHT))
clock = pygame.time.Clock()
```

Drawing on the Screen

You can draw shapes like rectangles (used to make your snake!)

```
pygame.draw.rect(screen, (0, 255, 0), (x, y, width, height)) # Green square
```

Handling Input (Keyboard)

Let the player control the game with arrow keys or other inputs.

```
keys = pygame.key.get_pressed()
if keys[pygame.K_LEFT]:
    direction = (-1, 0) # Move left
```

Game Loop

This is the heart of your game. It runs repeatedly to update and redraw everything.

```
while True:
    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
            running = False
    pygame.display.flip()
    clock.tick(10)
```

Collisions

To check if things touch each other (like your snake and food), use rectangles.

```
rect1 = pygame.Rect(x1, y1, w1, h1)
rect2 = pygame.Rect(x2, y2, w2, h2)
if rect1.colliderect(rect2):
    print("They touched!")
```

Python Basics for Game Development (Extended)

Python is simple to read and powerful for beginners. These concepts help you build game logic efficiently.

List Slicing

You can grab parts of a list using slices. Think of slicing like cutting a piece of bread.

```
items = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
print(items[1:4]) # [20, 30, 40]
```

Negative Indexes

Negative indexes let you access the list from the end. -1 is the last item.

```
print(items[-1]) # 50 (last item)
print(items[-2]) # 40
```

Multiple Variable Assignment

Python lets you assign values to multiple variables at once.

```
x, y = 5, 10
print(x) # 5
print(y) # 10
```

Pygame Vocabulary

Here are some key Pygame terms you'll see in your projects:

screen:

The window where your game is drawn.

clock:

Controls how fast your game runs (frames per second).

event:

Something that happens, like a key being pressed.

rect:

A rectangle used for drawing and collision detection.

flip():

Updates the game window with any new drawings.

key.get_pressed():

Checks if any keys are currently being held down.

QUIT:

An event that happens when you click the close button.